

Magnetic gear wheel encoder SGM2G-A with analog output signals

Contactless incremental encoder for measuring
rotary motion

- Compatible with the measuring system for main spindle drives **SIMAG H2** from SIEMENS
- High-resolution measurement of rotational speed and rotational angle up to 60,000 1/min
- Rotational direction recognition
- Robust, not sensitive to dirt
- Temperature stability up to 110°C
- High EMC and ESD stability (up to 30kV)
- Bespoke specifications due to a flexible design principle
- I2C interface for the fine-tuning of signal parameters if required
- Automatic stabilisation of signal amplitudes (option)
- Use in drive spindles of machine tools
Installation in drive motors

Output signals

- SIN- and COS signals with 1Vpp
- Reference signal
- Remote Sense RS_UB
- Supply voltage UB = 5V
- Reverse voltage protection
- Short-circuit proof

Principle of measurement

- Magnetic, contactless gauging of the steel gear wheels with module M = **0.32**.
- Use of magneto-resistive (GMR) sensor elements
- High degree of measurement accuracy when using e.g. type **ZR32-256/Di** or **ZR32-400/Di** measuring gear wheels

Design

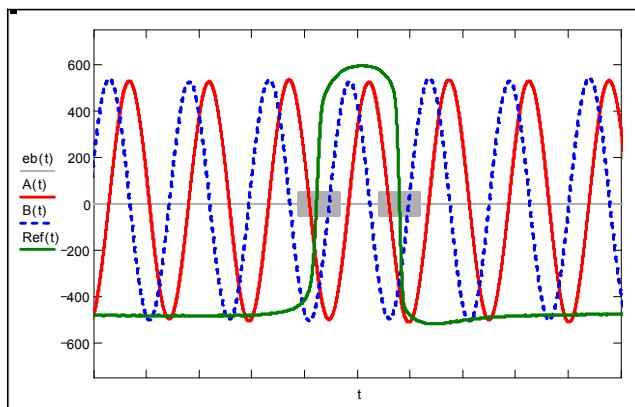
- Robust metal sensor housing
- GMR-Sensor elements
- Frontal coverage of the sensor elements using metal foil to act as extra protection against ESD impulses
- Electronics for signal conditioning
- Complete sealing of sensor interior
- Screened connection cable with AWG28
- Optional connector plug

SGM2G-A-...

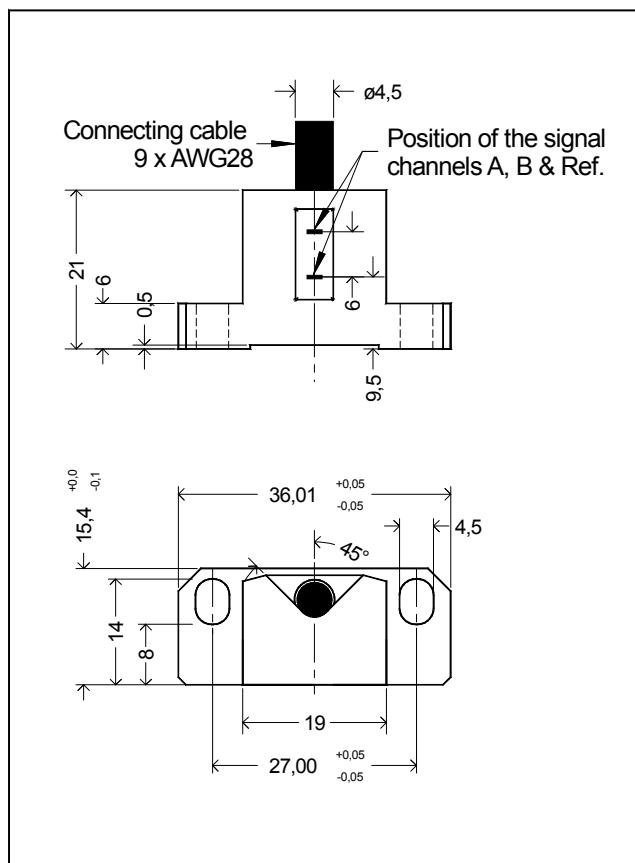
... compatible with SIMAG H2

Magnetic gear wheel encoder SGM2G-A

Specifications



Typical signal aspect. The signal spurs A, B and ref. are depicted. The area highlighted in grey shows the optimal position of the O channels for the ref. signals (area of unambiguousness).



Signal parameters

Before delivery, each encoder is balanced at the nominal distance encoder - gear wheel do = 0.15mm on optimal signal values (amplitude 1 Vpp, offset 0 mV, phase 90°, unambiguousness of the reference pulse; signal aspect type - see figure).

The signal parameters may deviate from the optimal values due to subsequent tolerances of attached parts, gear wheel quality and the influence of temperature and rotational speed.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| ■ Signal type | Analog, differential signals
SIN (spur A),
COS (spur B)
Ref. pulse
Inverted signals A, B & Ref. |
| ■ Signal amplitude A & B | 1Vpp +/- 20% * |
| ■ Amplitude differential A/B | 0.9 ... 1.1 * |
| ■ Phase A to B | 90° +/- 1° |
| ■ Offset - static | +/- 20mV |
| ■ Freq. of measurement | 0 ... 200kHz |

* Conditions: UB = 5VDC; f < 50 kHz; automatic stabilisation of signal amplitudes is inactive (see page 4).

General parameters

- | | |
|---|--|
| ■ Supply voltage UB | 5VDC +/- 5% |
| ■ Wattage | Without load |
| | 50mA |
| ■ Operating temperature | -20 ... 85°C
(up to 100°C on request) |
| ■ Storage temperature | -30 ... 110°C |
| ■ Optimal distance do
encoder - gear wheel | 0.15 +/- 0.02mm for M = 0.32 |
| ■ Vibration resistance | bis 200 m/s ² |
| ■ Shock resistance | bis 2000 m/s ² |
| ■ Type of protection | IP67 |

Magnetic gear wheel encoder SGM2G-A

Assembly & Electrical connection

Assembly

The encoder is assembled using the following procedure:

1. Gauge blocks of the corresponding gauges do are located on the front side of the encoder.
2. Fix the encoder using 2 M4 screws. The screws are still not firmly tightened. The encoder should be loose.
3. Push the encoder slightly against the gear wheel. Completely tighten the screws alternately.
4. After screwing the encoder tightly, remove the gauge block (spacer) in the upward direction.

Distance encoder - gear wheel d (air gap)

The optimal distance encoder - gear wheel **d** is:

- 0.15 +/- 0.02mm for Modul **M = 0.32**

For this distance do the encoders are balanced on optimal signal parameters. If required, the signal parameters can be adjusted via the I2C signal interface (see page 4).

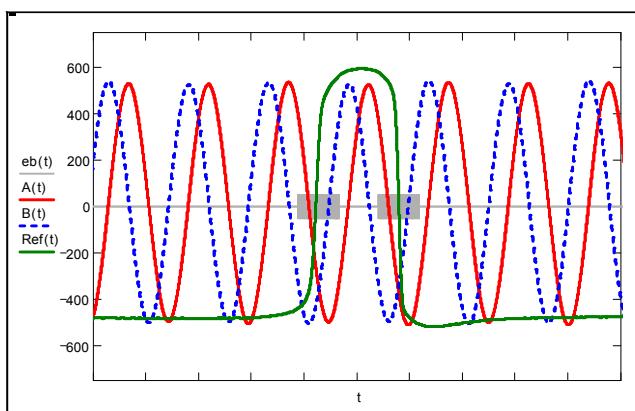
Cable assignment (Type T)

A shielded cable with 9 wires, AWG28, is attached at the sensor output. The outer sheath is green according to RAL6018, based on DESINA specifications.

The cable is assigned as follows:

- | | |
|----------------|--------|
| ■ Signal A + | white |
| ■ Signal A - | brown |
| ■ Signal B + | pink |
| ■ Signal B - | black |
| ■ Signal Ref + | grey |
| ■ Signal Ref - | yellow |
| ■ UB = 5VDC | red |
| ■ GND (0V) | blue |
| ■ RS_5V | green |

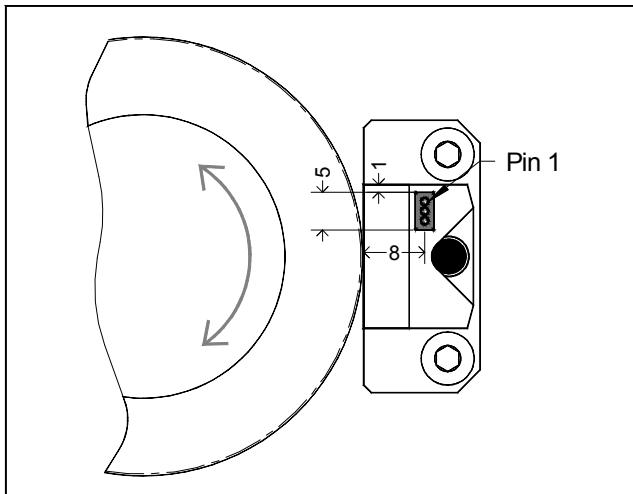
The **shield** is connected to the casing on the encoder side.



Typical signal aspect during counter-clockwise rotation of the gear wheel with a view to the encoder. The signal spurs A, B and ref. are depicted. The area highlighted in grey shows the optimal position of the 0 channels of the ref. signals (area of unambiguousness).

Magnetic gear wheel encoder SGM2G-A

I2C Interface



Position and configuration of the connection sockets for the I2C interface on the back of the encoder.

The connection sockets can be reached after partially removing the guard tag.

I2C-Interface

If required, the I2C interface can facilitate the fine-tuning of the parameters amplitude, offset and phase of the encoder signals A, B & Ref.

Before dispatch, the utmost care is taken to ensure that all RGM2G encoder signals are working optimally. In spite of this, a single fine-adjustment of the signal parameters might be required. There are two possibilities for that:

1. By "sensitively" adjusting the position of the encoder to the gear wheel you can set the best possible signal parameters. This method requires a lot of time and experience when installing the encoder.

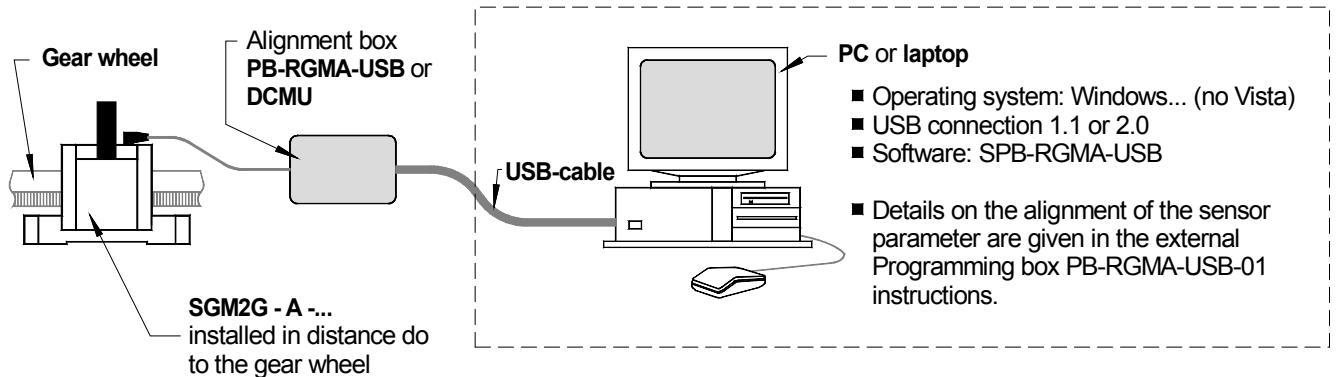
2. After installing the SGM2G encoder at the required distance do from the gear wheel, the required fine-adjustment of the encoder signals is quickly made via the I2C-interface.

Automatic amplitude stabilisation (option)

The signal electronics of the encoder enables the amplitude of signals A & B to be stabilised to a value of 1 Vpp. This helps to offset any problems the axis or gear-wheel has when rotating.

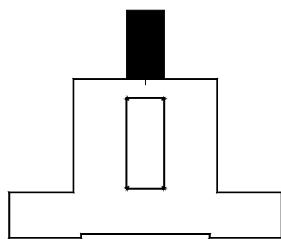
Stabilisation of the amplitude can be configured via the I2C-interface.

Fine-tuning via the I2C-interface

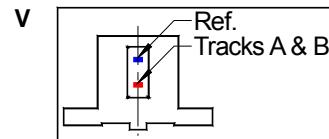
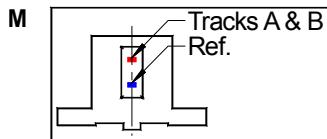


Magnetic gear wheel encoder SGM2G-A Order identifiers - Standard version

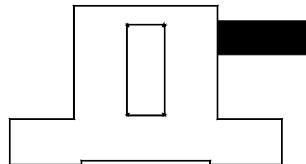
SGM2G - A - □ 32Z - □□□/T □□□ - □



Position of Signal tracks - "M" or "V":
 Optional: Number of teeth of the gear wheel N, if N is considerably different from 256 (e.g. "064" if N = 64)
 Connector plug
 Cable length in cm (e.g. "050" for 50cm)



SGM2G - A - □ 32Z - □□□/**ST** □□□ - □



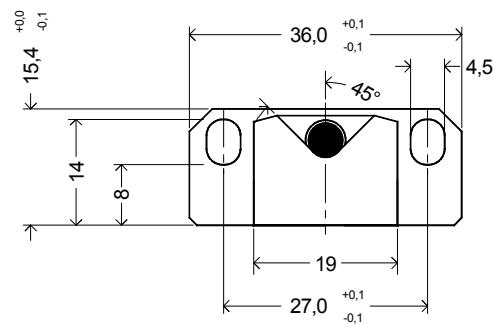
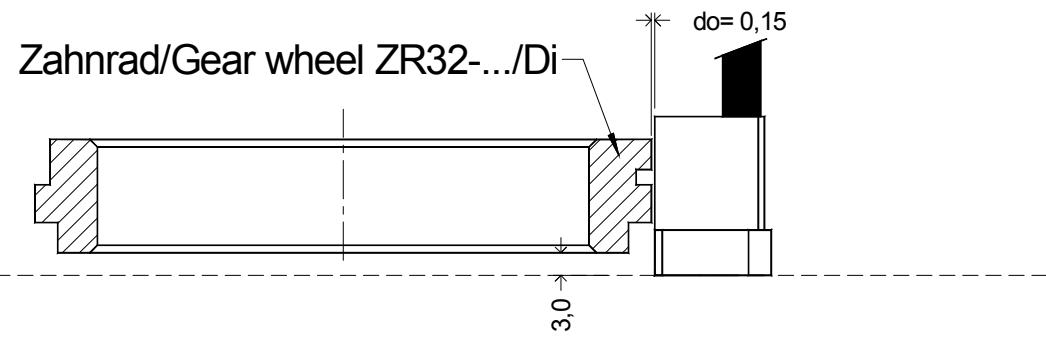
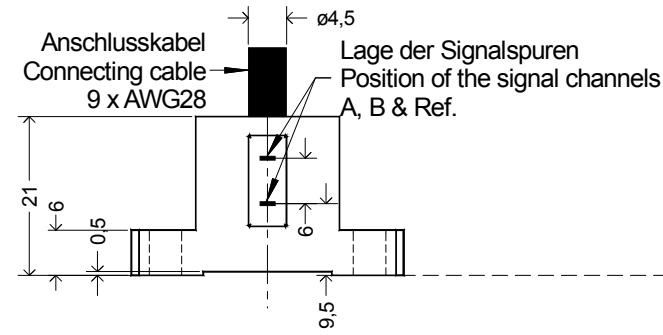
Accessories

Measuring gear wheels: **ZR32-256/Di** or **ZR32-400/Di**
 Other types of gear wheels on request.

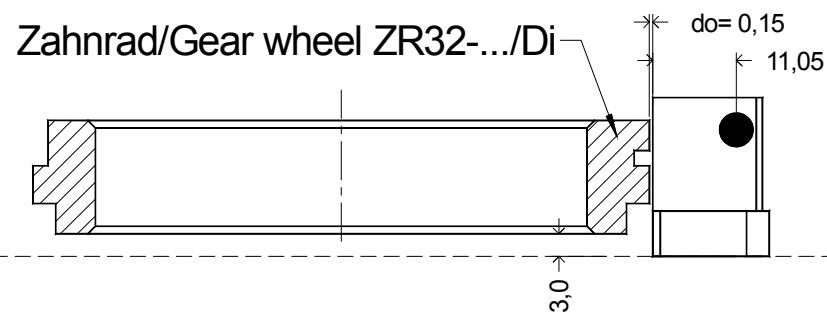
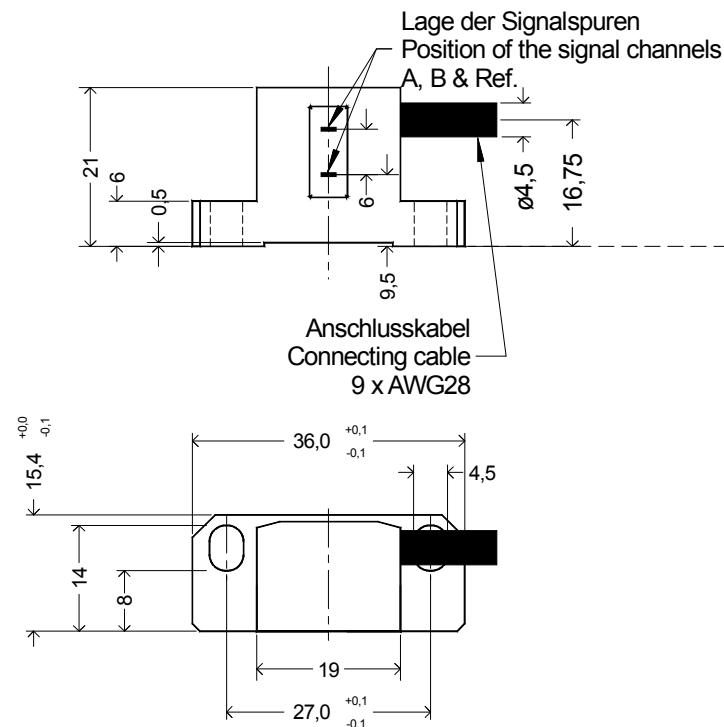
External interpolation box for the digitalisation and interpolation of the analogue encoder signals

PB-RGMA-USB box with **SPB-RGMA-USB** software for the fine alignment of encoder signals via the I2C-interface

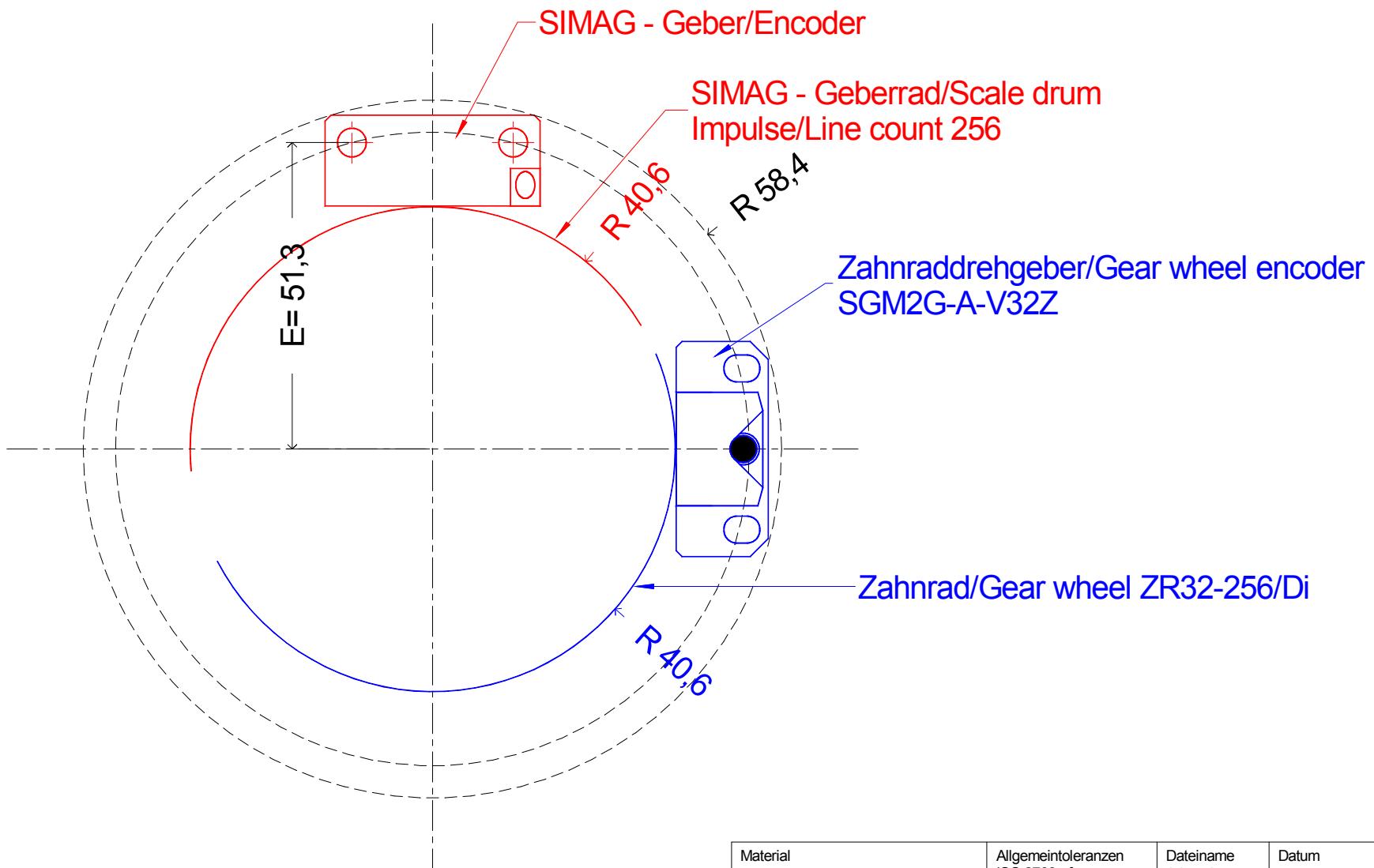
Digital calibration and measurement unit **DCMU** for the visualisation, detailed analysis and fine alignment of the encoder signals.



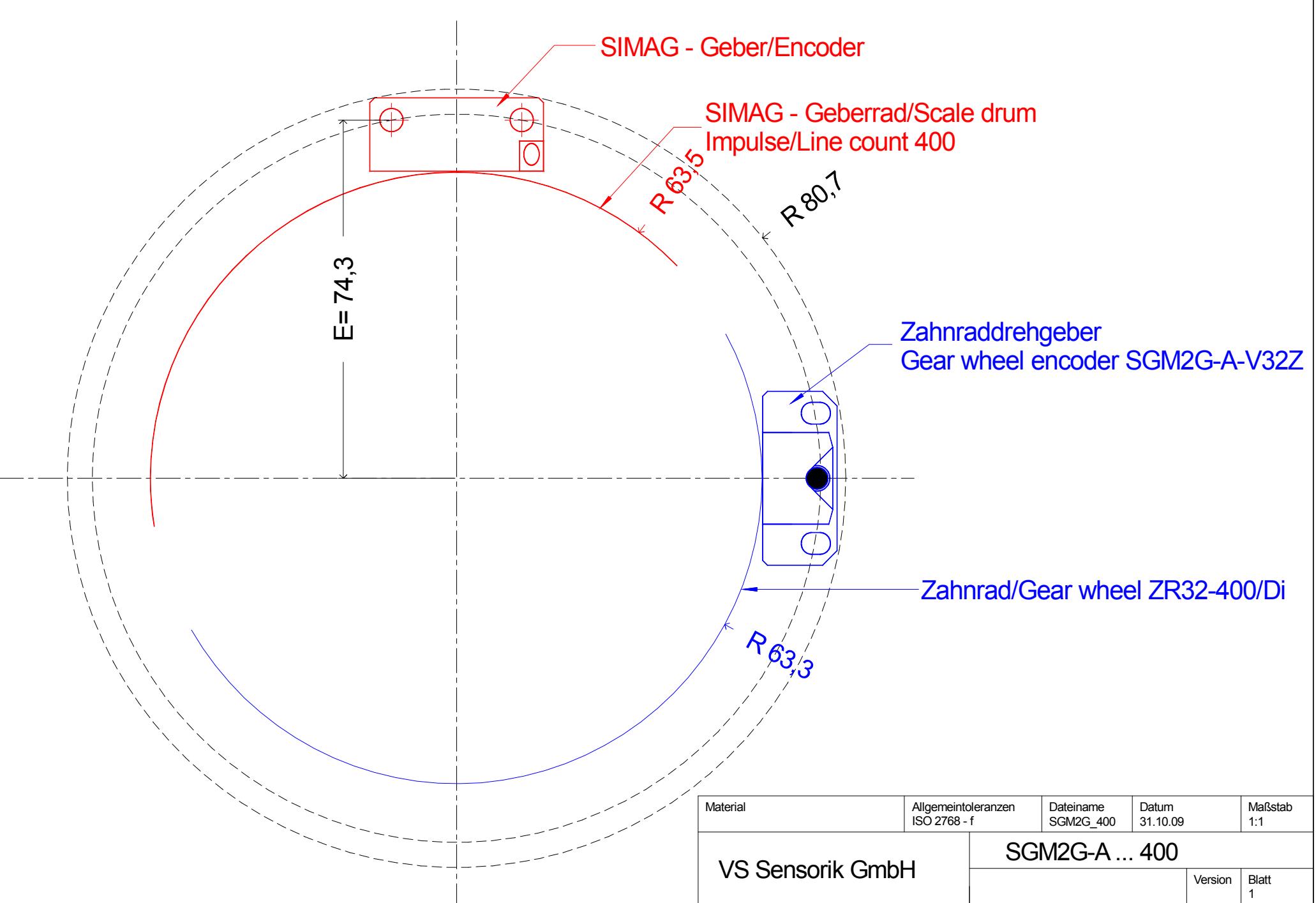
Material	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname SGM2G-V32Z	Datum 23.07.09	Maßstab 1:1
VS Sensorik GmbH		SGM2G-A-V32Z		
09VS072303		Version 1.0	Blatt 1	



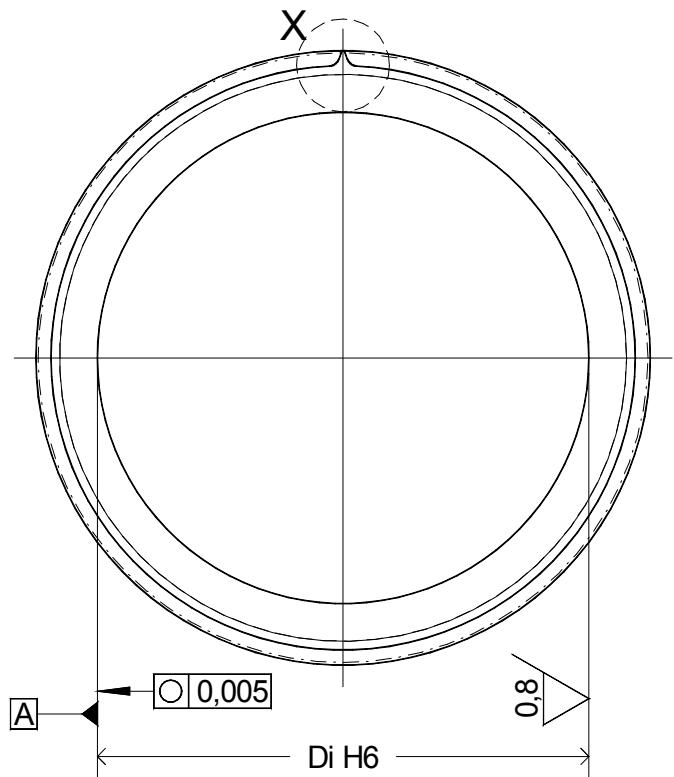
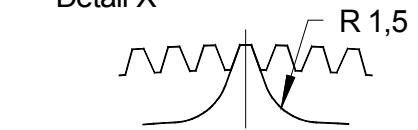
Material	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname SGM2G-V32ZS	Datum 23.07.2009	Maßstab 1:1
VS Sensorik GmbH		SGM2G-A-V32Z/S		
09VS072302		Version 1.0	Blatt 1	

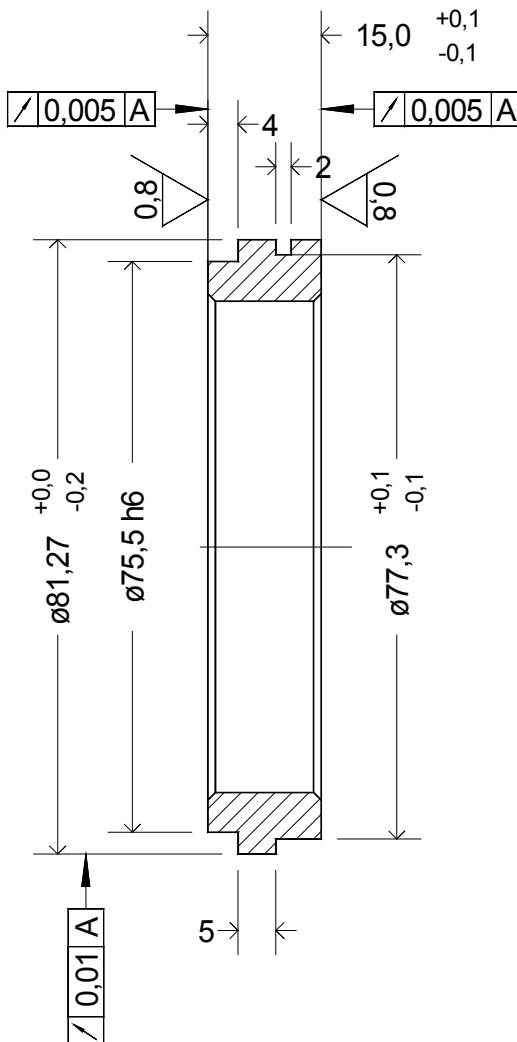


Material	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname SGM2G_256	Datum 31.10.09	Maßstab 1:1
VS Sensorik GmbH		SGM2G-A ... 256		
		Version	Blatt 1	



Detail X



$$3,2 / \left(0,8 / \right)$$


Zahnrad Typ ZR32-256/Di

Gear Wheel Type ZR32-256/Di

Typenbezeichnung
Type Designation

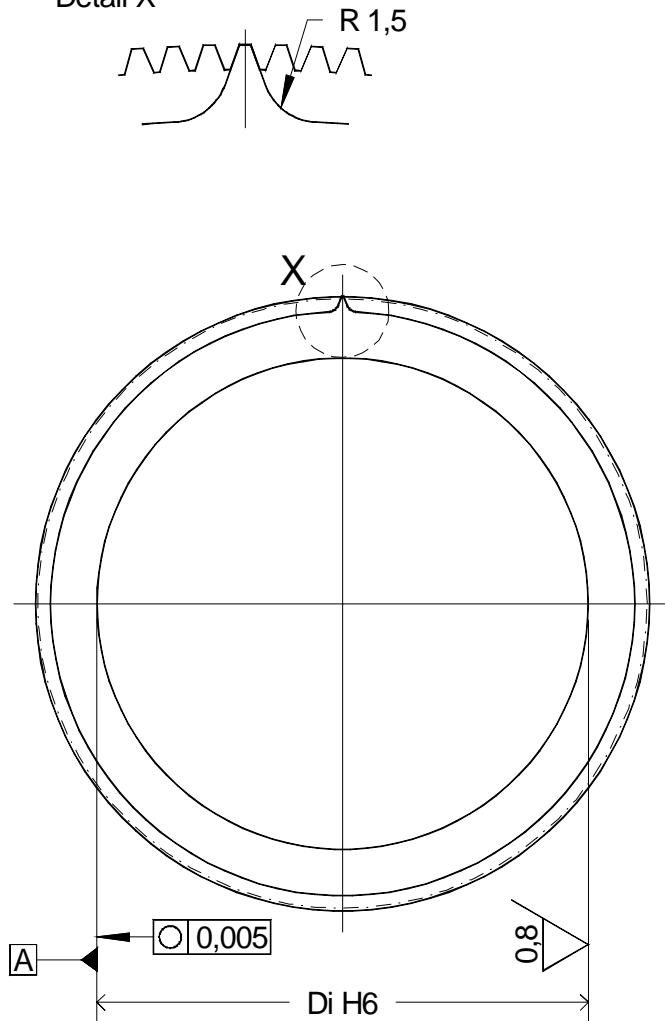
ZR32 - 256/
Di
($\text{Di} < 66\text{mm}$)
Nz = 256
Zähnezahl/Number of Teeth
M = 0,315
Modul/Module

Stirnrad nach DIN 3960
Spur Gear according DIN 3960

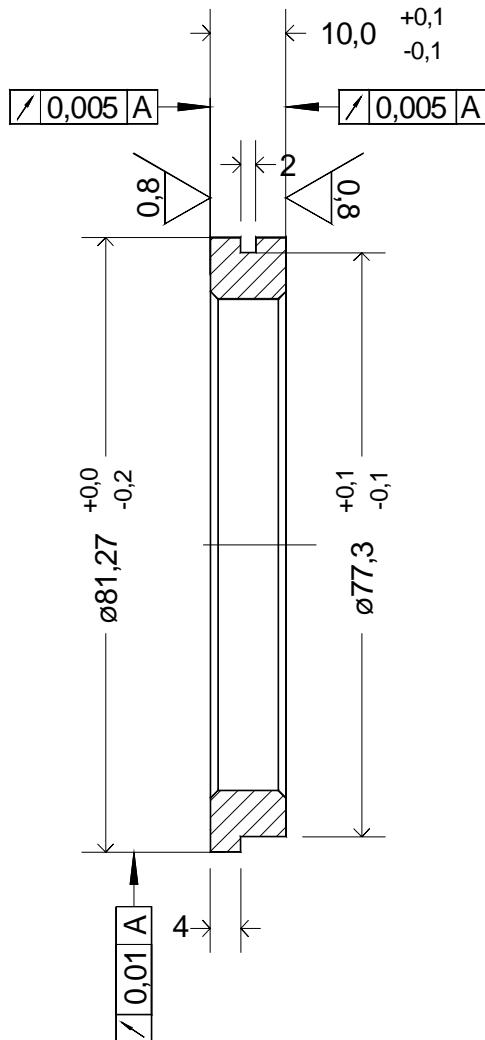
Modul / Module M	0,315
Zähnezahl / Number of Teeth N	256
Eingriffswinkel / Pressure Angle	20°
Qualität u. Toleranzfeld / Quality	6h
Material	16MNCr5, 9SMn28K oder/or CK45

Material Stahl/Steel	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname ZR32-256	Datum 21.07.11	Maßstab 1:1
ZR32-256/Di				
11VS072101		Version 2	Blatt 1	

Detail X



$3,2 / \left(0,8 \right)$



Zahnrad Typ ZRE32-256/Di

Gear Wheel Type ZRE32-256/Di

Typenbezeichnung Type Designation

- ZRE32-256/45 Di = 45mm
- ZRE32-256/55 Di = 55mm
- ZRE32-256/60 Di = 60mm
- ZRE32-256/65 Di = 65mm

Stirnrad nach DIN 3960 Spur Gear according DIN 3960

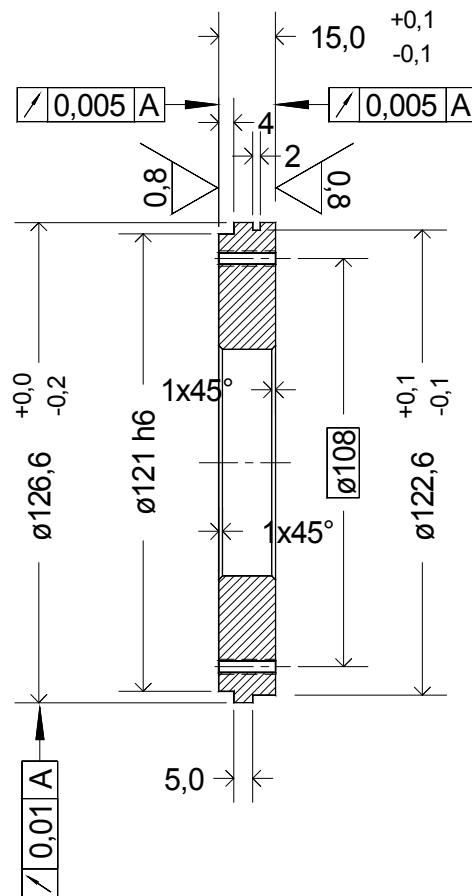
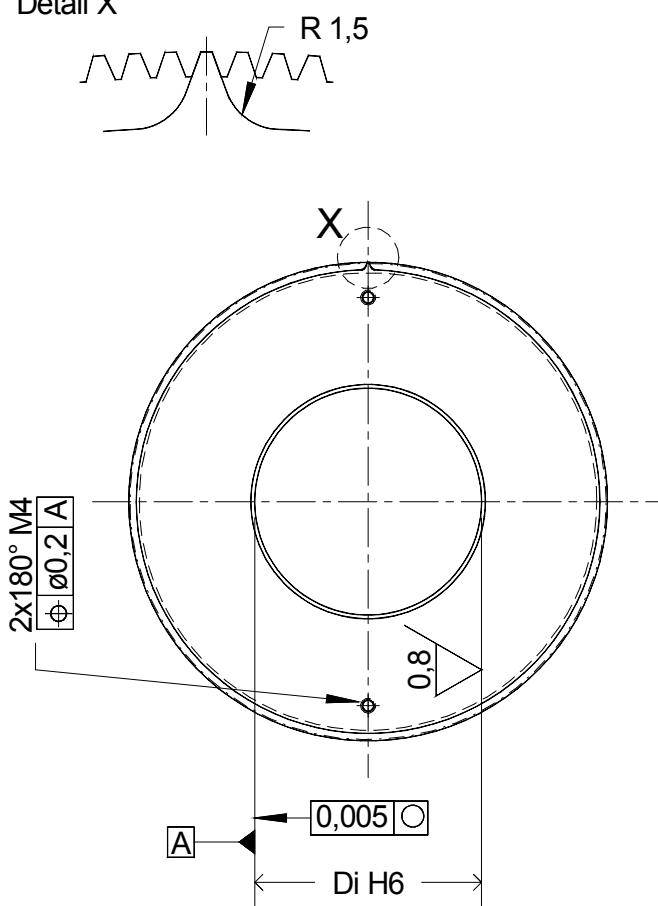
Modul / Module M	0,315
Zähnezahl / Number of Teeth N	256
Eingriffswinkel / Pressure Angle	20°
Qualität u. Toleranzfeld / Quality	6h
Material	16MNCr5, 9SMn28K oder/or CK45

Material Stahl/Steel	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname ZRE32-256	Datum 01.02.10	Maßstä 1:1
VS Sensorik GmbH		ZRE32-256/Di		
10VS020101		Version 1	Blatt 1	

Zahnrad Typ ZR32-400/Di

Gear Wheel Type ZR32-400/Di

Detail X



Typenbezeichnung
Type Designation

ZR32 - 400/
Di
(Di < 111mm)
Nz = 400
Zähnezahl/Number of Teeth
M = 0,315
Modul/Module

Stirnrad nach DIN 3960
Spur Gear according DIN 3960

Modul / Module M	0,315
Zähnezahl / Number of Teeth N	400
Eingriffswinkel / Pressure Angle	20°
Qualität u. Toleranzfeld / Quality	6h
Material	16MnCr5, 9SMn28K oder/or CK45

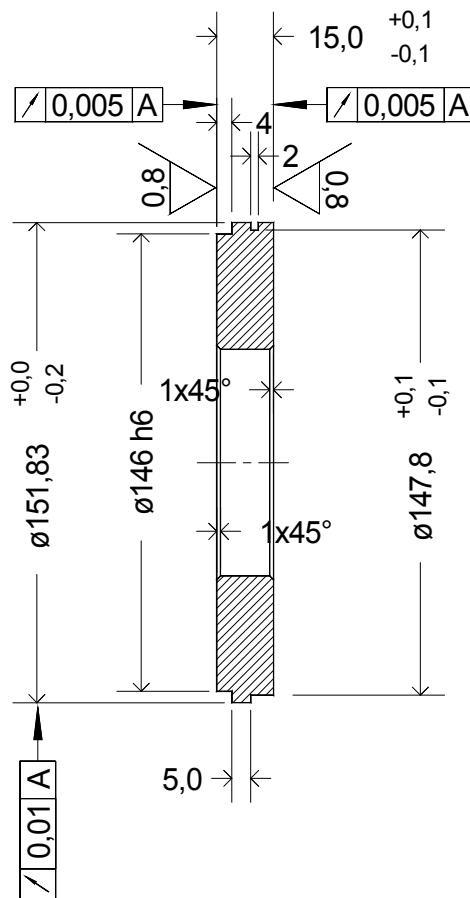
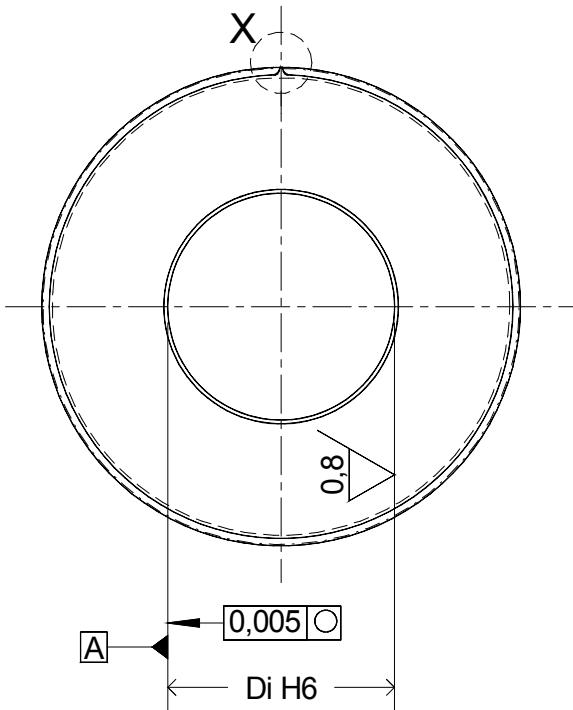
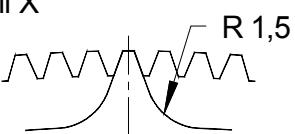
3,2 / (0,8)

Material Stahl/Steel	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname ZR32-400-Di	Datum 21.07.11	Maßstab 1:2
VS Sensorik GmbH		ZR32-400/Di		
11VS072102		Version 2	Blatt 1	

Zahnrad Typ ZR32-480/Di

Gear Wheel Type ZR32-480/Di

Detail X



Typenbezeichnung
Type Designation

ZR32 - 480 / Di
(Di < 136mm)
Nz = 480
Zähnezahl/Number of Teeth
M = 0,315
Modul/Module

Stirnrad nach DIN 3960
Spur Gear according DIN 3960

Modul / Module M	0,315
Zähnezahl / Number of Teeth N	480
Eingriffswinkel / Pressure Angle	20°
Qualität u. Toleranzfeld / Quality	6h
Material	16MNCr5, 9SMn28K oder/or CK45

3,2 / (0,8)

Material Stahl/Steel	Allgemeintoleranzen ISO 2768 - f	Dateiname ZR32-480-Di	Datum 21.07.11	Maßstab
VS Sensorik GmbH		ZR32-480/Di		
11VS072103		Version 2	Blatt 1	